

# COCHISE REVIEW

VOLUME IV.

BISBEE, ARIZONA, THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 22, 1901.

NUMBER 268

## PROFESSIONAL

S. A. D. UPTON

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW  
AGENT FOR LAND SCRIP  
Tombstone, Arizona.

J. M. O'CONNELL

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW  
OFFICE: WALLACE BUILDING  
BISBEE

A. J. GABEL

LAWYER  
BISBEE, ARIZONA  
Mining Law a Specialty.

WILLIAM J. KILPATRICK

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW  
140 W. Pennington St., Tucson, Ariz.  
Will practice in all Courts of the Territory.

MARCUS A. SMITH

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW  
TUCSON, ARIZONA  
Will practice in District Court of Cochise County.

CHARLES BENNMAN

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW  
TUCSON, ARIZONA  
Will attend all terms of Court in Cochise County.

FRANK E. HERRFORD SMITH E. HAZ AND  
HERRFORD & HAZARD

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW  
TUCSON, ARIZONA  
AGENTS FOR LAND SCRIP

W. E. CHAMBERS

DENTIST  
Appointments Made by Mail  
PHONE 37 BISBEE

D. M. J. W. FARRINGTON

DENTIST  
BISBEE, ARIZONA  
Specialties—Diseases of the oral cavity and  
teeth and bridge work. All operations performed.

C. L. EDMUNDSON, M.D., C. L. CAVEN, M.D.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS  
To Lowell & Arizona and Calumet & Hecla  
Mining Companies.  
Telephone No. 15. BISBEE ARIZONA

F. A. SWERT, M. D. TEL. NO. 6

E. G. CARLETON, M. D.  
A. R. HICKMAN, M. D.  
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS  
To the Copper Queen Consolidated Mining  
Co. and A. S. E. R. R.

DR. ISAAC H. WATKINS

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
BENSON, ARIZONA  
Office: Near of Drug Store.

S. E. WILLIAMS

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE  
BISBEE, ARIZONA  
Notary Public and Conveyancer. Will  
conduct a specialty.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

### Arizona & South Eastern Railroad

Pacific Time one hour earlier than City time

Northward		Southward	
Miles	Stations	Miles	Stations
0	Ar. Benson	0	Ar. Benson
1.3	Ar. Benson	1.3	Ar. Benson
4.0	Ar. Benson	4.0	Ar. Benson
8.3	Ar. Benson	8.3	Ar. Benson
12.4	Ar. Benson	12.4	Ar. Benson
16.4	Ar. Benson	16.4	Ar. Benson
20.4	Ar. Benson	20.4	Ar. Benson
24.4	Ar. Benson	24.4	Ar. Benson
28.4	Ar. Benson	28.4	Ar. Benson
32.4	Ar. Benson	32.4	Ar. Benson
36.4	Ar. Benson	36.4	Ar. Benson
40.4	Ar. Benson	40.4	Ar. Benson
44.4	Ar. Benson	44.4	Ar. Benson
48.4	Ar. Benson	48.4	Ar. Benson
52.4	Ar. Benson	52.4	Ar. Benson
56.4	Ar. Benson	56.4	Ar. Benson
60.4	Ar. Benson	60.4	Ar. Benson
64.4	Ar. Benson	64.4	Ar. Benson
68.4	Ar. Benson	68.4	Ar. Benson
72.4	Ar. Benson	72.4	Ar. Benson
76.4	Ar. Benson	76.4	Ar. Benson
80.4	Ar. Benson	80.4	Ar. Benson
84.4	Ar. Benson	84.4	Ar. Benson
88.4	Ar. Benson	88.4	Ar. Benson
92.4	Ar. Benson	92.4	Ar. Benson
96.4	Ar. Benson	96.4	Ar. Benson
100.4	Ar. Benson	100.4	Ar. Benson

\* Flag Stations—stop on Signal.  
V. E. STILES, R. C. MORGAN,  
G. F. & P. A. Superintendent.

### Southern Pacific Railroad.

WESTBOUND. Pass.  
Benson, leave 4:57 p. m.  
Tucson, arrive 7:30 "

EASTBOUND. Pass.  
Tucson, leave 8:00 a. m.  
Benson, arrive 12:00 noon.

Phoenix, leave 9:08 a. m.  
Willcox, arrive 10:45 "

Sowie, arrive 11:55 "

Lordsburg, arrive 1:45 p. m.  
Deming, arrive 3:30 "

El Paso, arrive 6:00 "

Phoenix, arrive 6:30 a. m.

Passengers for Phoenix, from the east or  
west, remain at Maricopa over night. Sleeping  
car and hotel accommodation.

New Mexico and Arizona Railroad.

WESTBOUND. Pass.  
Benson, leave 5:30 p. m.  
Fairbank, arrive 6:15 "

Hogates, arrive 9:00 "

## COMING SESSION OF CONGRESS

### Measures of Importance to be Considered

#### CHANGE UNDER NEW CENSUS.

#### Asphalt Deposits In Choctaw Grounds--Celebration at the Capital--Other Matters.

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Caution and conservatism are the most marked features of the utterances of the senators and representatives who will shape the legislation of the coming session of congress. There is, of course, some talk about extreme political legislation, but it doesn't emanate from the men who have the necessary influence to get their ideas carried out. These men, and it is believed they have the sympathy of the president, know that there is an enormous amount of work that ought to be done at the coming session and the best way to get it done is to have as little partisan friction as possible.

Senator Thurston, of Nebraska, expresses the opinion that an army reorganization bill will be passed at the coming session of congress; also that the Nicaraguan canal bill will get through in some shape, probably differing considerably from the bill passed by the house at the last session, but thinks the opposition to the ship subsidy bill makes its chances doubtful.

It is expected that congress will pass a bill authorizing the laying of the much-needed Pacific cable. It would be certain were it not for the big interests which oppose government ownership of the cable, in the interest of private money-making. Admiral Bradford, chief of the Naval Bureau of Equipment, says in his annual report of the survey of a route for this cable by the United States Ship Nero: "A satisfactory route for an all-American cable for the purpose of connecting the Pacific coast with the outlying colonial possessions of the United States in the Pacific and with China and Japan has been discovered, thoroughly explored, surveyed and mapped." That passes the question on to congress for an answer.

One of the important matters to be determined by congress at the coming session is that of congressional reapportionment under the new census. From the start, when there was one representative to each 30,000 inhabitants, the ratio has been increased every ten years, and since the census of 1890 has been one representative for each 173,901 persons. The present census shows an increase of population of more than 13,000,000, and there must, of course, be a proportionate increase in the ratio of representatives to population. How to provide for that increase in an equitable manner is no easy problem. The house, with its 356 members, is already at times a very unwieldy body, and yet if the new ratio is to reduce the representation of no state there will have to be a very large increase in membership. The ratio that seems most favored, except by those from the four states—Arkansas, Kansas, Maine and Virginia—which would under it each have one less representative than at present, is that of one representative to each 200,000 persons. That would add eighteen to the present membership of the house.

Congress must deal with a number of claims arising from our occupation of the Philippines. One is that of the Eastern Extension company, a British corporation, which claims a monopoly of the cable business to and from the Philippines under a Spanish charter. It also claims damages for American interruption of its business. Really it should pay a bounty for the largely increased cable business made by the Americans. The only railroad in the Philippines also wants damages and the continuance of a Spanish subsidy of about \$22,000 a year. Another unique lot of claims that will be presented to congress are those of Japanese citizens

who were isolated and detained on account of the bubonic plague scare in San Francisco.

That we are not as a nation growing more careful is apparent from a glance at the annual report of the Superintendent of the Dead Letter office, which shows an increase of nearly a million pieces of mail matter—the total number of pieces received being 7,536,158, of which 35,000 were letters with no address at all. Money to the amount of \$44,140, and checks, notes, money orders, etc., to the face value of \$1,136,645 were enclosed in letters received by the office during the year.

Mr. George D. Moulton, of Indian Territory, who is now in Washington says of his discovery of extensive deposits of asphalt on the grounds of the Choctaw Indians: "This pure asphalt has not been discovered heretofore in this country and there is no scientific name for it. The chief supply for asphalt has been the lake on the island of Trinidad and the Gilsontine mines in Utah. In the Indian Territory there are mines of asphalt where bituminous sand and bituminous limestone are mixed in such proportion that the product is fit, with out other preparation than grinding and heating, to be laid as street paving. The asphalt mine which I found is about 96 per cent pure."

Arrangements for the celebration of the establishment of the capital at Washington, December 12, are practically complete. The President will hold a reception to the Governors of States and Territories, after which they will be escorted to the Capital, where a joint Congressional commemoration meeting will be held in the hall of the House, by a military, naval, and civic parade, of which Gen. Nelson A. Miles will be chief marshal, and in the evening a grand reception will be held in the beautiful Corcoran Gallery of Art. Addresses will be delivered at the Capital by Senators Hoar, Daniel and McComas and Representatives Payne and Richardson.

#### Discovered America.

MONTEREY, Mex., Nov. 21.—The report that the American officers have unearthed ancient records in Pekin showing that Chinese discovered America 1,500 years ago and erected temples in Mexico, has aroused the greatest interest among the scientific men of Monterey and through out the country. The Chinese temples alluded to are in the State of Sonora, on the Pacific Coast. The ruin of one of the temples was discovered near the town of Ures in that State about two years ago. One of the largest tablets found in the ruin was carved with Chinese characters, which were partially deciphered by a learned Chinaman, who visited the ruins at the request of the Mexican Government.

#### The Camp Bird.

DENVER, Nov. 22.—The sale of the great Camp Bird mine at Ouray to an English syndicate is off. "The property will not be sold," said the owner, T. F. Walsh, who has just arrived here from Paris. "Had the prospective buyers been ready to pay over \$7,000,000 cash when the deal was first talked of it is possible the mine would have passed into their possession. Now I have decided to retain possession of the mine."

#### Russia's Fleet.

MOSCOW, Nov. 22.—The present Russian fleet, including the vessels now in construction, numbers 6 imperial yachts, 21 first class battleships, 41 cruisers, 51 coast defense vessels, 25 gunboats, 86 torpedo boats, 13 transports, and 9 schoolships.

#### Strike Ceased.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Nov. 20.—The big cotton mill operatives strike in Alamare county has been declared off. The strike had been in force three months. Several thousand hands were involved.

#### Bryan's Kentucky Majority.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 22.—Official returns received at the secretary of state's office from 100 of the 119 counties give Bryan 185,938 and McKinley 173,720, showing a majority for Bryan of 12,218. The unofficial returns from the remaining ten counties reduce Bryan's majority to 7,728. The unofficial figures from nine of the unreported counties give Bryan 46,510, McKinley 51,841, making a total vote in 118 of the 119 counties as follows: For Bryan 232,448, for McKinley 225,561. Shelby is the county omitted. It gives a Bryan majority of 8,411 and swells

Bryan's total vote to about 235,000. The votes for Hays, the first Bryan elector, and Parker, the first McKinley elector, used in these figures, run ahead of the other electors by about 4,000 votes on each ticket. No information of a contest of any kind has yet been reported.

#### A Daring Thief.

ERIE, Pa., Nov. 22.—While the store was full of customers, hundreds of people passing the window and a watchmaker working not six feet away from him, a daring thief stole a tray of diamonds valued at \$2,500 from S. Loeb, a fashionable jeweler, and had been gone an hour before the robbery was discovered.

The proprietor of the store and the police are astounded at the novel and daring tactics of the robber. He had secured entrance to the cellar and sawed his way through the floor into the box which forms the floor of the display window. Then he sawed through the thin boards until he had a hole six inches wide and a foot long, the sawdust being hidden by the tissue paper on which the jewels were displayed.

This hole gave him access to the tray of diamonds, which he tipped on edge, permitting the glittering shower of jewels to slide down into the window box. The tray was replaced over the hole, and it was not until a clerk went to display the gems to a customer that the theft was discovered.

There is scant hope of apprehending the robber, as it is known he departed from the basement of the store fully an hour before the proprietor discovered his loss.

#### Work on Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Great progress is being made in the construction of our war ships. Chief Constructor Hichborn's report shows that the battleships Alabama, Illinois and Wisconsin are nearing completion. The other battleships under construction, the Maine, Missouri and Ohio, will be ready for service by December 1, 1901. Work on the six protected cruisers is progressing in a satisfactory manner.

#### Charged With Inciting Riot.

DENVER, Nov. 22.—Captain of Detectives Armstrong has filed with District Attorney Malone, an information against William Lewis, alias John Brundage, and John Davis, colored deputies, who took part in the election day riots. Lewis is accused of having shot Special Policeman Stuart Harvey, who died. Davis is accused of having shot Policeman Carpenter, who is recovering slowly from his injuries.

#### Buried Treasure.

MEDFORD, Mass., Nov. 21.—Medford marshes are covered with men and boys digging for buried treasures. Thursday two lads dug up a pot containing about \$300 in old silver coins. Most of the American money was minted between 1828 and 1838. The place where the money was found is within a stone's throw of the historic Craddock house of revolutionary fame.

#### Cowman Kick.

Cowman are getting ready to enter a kick general against roping contests, which have, been so popular lately on the range. It is not that they object particularly to the sport, for they enjoy watching the expert cowboys handle the rope as much as anyone, but it is proving too expensive. One big cattleman has had to forbid his men practicing on his herds as he has lost six good steers this year through "accidents." It seems that cowboys are not born expert ropers, but become so by practice, and once a cowboy gets the fever there are lively times ahead for the particular herd with which he is riding. It is lots of fun for the cowboy, but, as one cattleman states it, "hell for the herd." But what is worrying them is to find some way to put an end to the sport. No cattleman likes to incur the enmity of the cowboys by opposing the fad, for to fight a man's hobby is to secure his enmity. It is probable that the legislature and humane societies will be called upon to assist in putting an end to the dangerous and costly sport.—Star.

#### Notice.

Spanish and piano lessons, by graduate of Snell's Seminary, Oakland, Cal. Address Mrs. Edward Zimmerman, Post Office, Bisbee, Ariz.

#### Notice.

This is to notify that Mr. Paul Morgan is the only tuner representing us in this section at the present time.  
THE ZELLNER PIANO CO.

## SILVER MARKET

### Will be Increased Demand for Silver.

#### And the White Metal Will Probably Rise In Value--India Will Use Large Quantity.

Speaking of the possible future demand for silver, the London Statist says: "As the silver in the reserve is now at an irreducible minimum, the whole of the further demand for rupees will have to be met by purchase of new silver."

If India absorbed 60,000,000 ounces of silver in the past year of famine, what will it require in a year of prosperity? The world's production of silver is not much over 160,000,000 ounces and India's requirements in the past year have been equal to nearly 40 per cent of the total output.

From the closing of the Indian mints until the current year India purchases of silver were not more than about 15,000,000 ounces per annum.

Now we have the prospect that the demand may be 60,000,000 ounces a year. It will be evident therefore, that the Indian government will be a large buyer of silver and that the price in the future will probably rise at a much higher level than it has done since the closing of the Indian mints."

#### Boers for Indiana.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—That the Indiana counties of Lake, Porter, Stark and Laporte within the next year or so will become the permanent trekking grounds of many Transvaalers and Free Staters seems probable. Owners of land in the Kankakee Valley are reported to have combined for the purpose of sending agents to South Africa and Holland to encourage the settlement of their lands.

Some of the Indiana railroads, it is said, are showing a marked interest in the scheme to colonize the Kankakee valley.

#### GUERRILLA WARFARE.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—The war office is in a quandary as to what plans can be adopted to end the Boer sedition. Ever since General Botha assumed the commandant general's reins the British soldiers have been unable to make anything like a large coup. The Boers are practically leading a guerrilla warfare. General DeWet is the most difficult Boer to deal with in open battle, and the British are well aware of this fact. It is the intention of the war office to have the English troops make a big capture of burghers, but up to date the efforts of the Britishers toward this purpose have been of no avail.

#### The Newport Embezzlement.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 21.—According to a despatch from Fort Wayne, Indiana, Frank M. Brown, late assistant cashier of the German National bank of Newport, Kentucky, who embezzled nearly \$200,000 of the funds is now in Canada. He was seen and recognized at Fort Wayne yesterday by Fred Jolten an intimate acquaintance who says that Brown left for Canada and by this time has doubtless crossed the boundary. He has been in St. Louis, as already stated, where he was reported to be en route to South America but changed his direction and doubled back through Illinois and to Canada.

#### A Popular Lady.

DENVER, Nov. 21.—In almost every county of Colorado Mrs. Helen Grenfell led the fusion state ticket elected Nov. 6. In some counties she even ran ahead of the Bryan electors. In one county she was the only candidate on the silver ticket who was elected.

This is a spontaneous tribute to Mrs. Grenfell's successful conduct of her office. Before her renomination, after a term of two years, the educators of the state, including the president of the state university and all the state institutions, regardless of party, signed a petition to Mrs. Grenfell to accept a renomination because of her valuable services to the educational interests of the state. This was a tribute never before paid to a superintendent of public instruction in Colorado. The renomination of an incumbent of this office has only happened two or three times before in the history of the state. Mrs. Grenfell was a farmer's daughter in Boulder county, Colorado, then a teacher, then a county superintendent, and finally state superintendent, acknowledged to be the best the state ever had.